

THE DEEP FEAR
OF THE
PULPIT

LOOKING HOMEWARD.

By Rev. James E. E. Sawyer, D.D.

"We are confident, I say, and willing rather to be absent from the body, and to be present with the Lord."

Il. Cor. V:8.

That noble spirit, Lamennais, who tasted the bitterness of exile from his native land, comforted himself by saying: "Our homeland is not here below; man vainly seeks it here; that which he takes for it is only a lodging for the night."

The abiding home of humanity is not here. We are all wanderers. Our real home is elsewhere. This is not the place of our rest. All noble souls, loftily or lowly, are travelers, walking not by sight, but by faith. Our dearest treasures are laid up in heaven. Our hopes, our interests, our hearts, are there. "They that say such things declare plainly that they seek a country."

"They desire a better country that is heavenly; wherefore God is not ashamed to be called their God: for he hath prepared for them a city."

Our adventures are the necessary incidents of a journey. All earth's joys are the shifting scenes of a lane through which we are traveling. This world is the scene of vicissitudes, of storms, of sorrows, of partings, of heart-breaks and tragic loneliness. There is a peaceful and permanent home awaiting the Christian—a city that hath foundations, a settled habitation, a haven after life's tempestuous voyage, a refuge from all the sorrows of the present existence, a land of light where there is no more painful mystery, a land of love and eternal reunion, where sympathy is perfect, where the heart is satisfied, a realm secure and glad, thronged with ancient folk and dear ones of our own day. There we shall see as we are seen and know as we are known. There light is full and clear, full-charged with gladness—gladness which transcends every sweetness. That is the goal of all our belongings. Archbishop Leighton used to say that if he were to choose a place to die in it should be an inn, for that would look so like a pilgrim's going-home. God gave him his wish. In an inn he ended his pilgrimage, and went home to the city of the sun, toward which he had long looked wistfully. To the spiritually-minded that homeland is more real than anything round about them here. There lies all that they dream of and hope for.

It is not in the darkest hours of life alone that the vision of that home is most attractive. Often the thought of its peace, its fruition, its infinite and eternal satisfaction of our desires and possibilities comes to us with strange power when life is strongest and joyous. In the hour of some great joy, at the time of the accomplishment of some purpose which has long protracted and strenuous endeavor, or when we have beheld the mystery of beauty of a perfect morning, we have looked into eternity through the splendor of the sunset, the thought of the home of the soul has been a rapture of desire. Our best and happiest hours are prophetic of heaven, are windows through which we obtain fascinating glimpses of its ideal beauty. When, like Simon, we hold the Light and "Hope of the world in our arms, like him, our heart exclaims: "Now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace, for mine eyes have seen thy salvation." We were to have one minute of perfect existence, bodily, mentally and spiritually, one minute of absolutely perfect health, perfect spiritual vision and harmony and happiness, the veil between us and our home would disappear. Without delay we would arrive instantly at home.

The longing for home is not the weariness of weaklings, the ennui of worldlings, the indolence of the egoistic, the cynicism and disgust of those who do not find this life worth living. It is characteristic of fullness of spiritual life and energy. None have more earnestly longed for the home than the bravest soldiers of the cross, the heroes of the faith, Paul, though for the sake of others willing to remain in the flesh, confessed to a desire to depart. "It was because to live was Christ that to die would be gain." He said: "For indeed we that are in this tabernacle do groan, being burdened: not for that we would be unclothed, but that we would be clothed upon, that what is mortal may be swallowed up of life."

Believe, therefore, always of good courage and knowing that whilst we are at home in the body we are absent from the Lord—for we walk by faith, not by sight—we are of good courage, I say, and are willing rather to be absent from the body and to be at home with the Lord. He was so fully alive that he longed for the land of the living.

In his later years, though he was not really aged, and was surrounded by a beloved and happy family, Luther longed to be with Christ and behold His glory. He toiled tremendously and with unabated heroic energy till within a few days of his death he had often expressed his desire for release. Nearly five years before his death, on his recovery from a painful and dangerous illness, he wrote to his private physician, Dr. Johann Schenck, "I should have been well content if the dear Lord Jesus had taken me in His mercy, from hence, as I am now of little use on the earth. It is the greatness of man, his littleness, that inspires him with desire for larger room and the fulfillment of his noblest desires and holiest ideals."

There is a rapid sentimentalism that dreams of heaven while neglecting the everyday tasks and strenuous duties of the life that now is. Such an attitude is unworthy. But the longing for heaven on the part of earnest souls is sane and healthy. It is a mark of relationship to the infinite. It is a token that the soul has really been born from above; it is the aspiration for perfection. The future life is

suppler than the present; it has more room for energy and enterprise, in that realm of light and gladness are the great spirits of our race, and they have employments congenial to their powers. They have not been retired, but promoted. Human nature is to influence all worlds. A vital Christianity will always emphasize the future life. Men's souls grow great and their thoughts profound only in the presence of the eternal realities of God and human destiny. Christ is the living bond between both worlds. The love that moves the sun and all the stars is the rapture and the satisfaction of the spirits of just men made perfect and of the festal assembly of the angels.

In the fair mansions of the heavenly home are many unutterably dear, from whom we parted with agony. What joy it will to meet them again! No more shall we be lonely. The armies of the saints are triumphantly marching onward and homeward to that city whose light is not that of sun or moon, but the glory of the Lamb of God. In the quiet of the evening gloaming and amid the fury of all life's storms we catch strains of celestial melody.

THE THRILL OF HOPE.

By Rev. H. Elvet Lewis.

We have a thousand devices for trying to dwell at ease in sin. We cover it with excuses, we hide our faces from its cruel reusings, we make ourselves blind to its revolt against God and, unhappily, we can astutely deceive ourselves at last. Now, in the trouble that comes with sin, as part of it, there is as much misery as judgment. God does not waste sufferings. Just as physical pain is a protest against injuring the physical frame, so are the afflictions of sin a warning against moral risks. Painless sin would go far to prove the reign of a merciless God. He has interwoven sufferings with wrongdoing, so that one may hesitate to put on the robe which, at the end, like Delaunay's robe, burns into the very soul with unutterable torment. The punishment, the misery, the loneliness, help to bring men near the doorway of deliverance.

For every man in the valley of trouble there is a door of hope. Not for a few—not for many—but for all. "Him that cometh to Me, I will in no wise cast out." This message is for all time. The Saviour reigns to save, and the glory of His reign is in saving to the uttermost them that come unto God by Him—saving completely, perfectly.

The sight of a door of hope in itself thrills the mind. Let a man once begin to believe that he can be saved, and he is not far from the Kingdom. The devil's strongest ally is despair; and in place of despair, fullness of soul. There is a sort of hard blindness that settles down on the lives of thousands to-day, perhaps more difficult to do with than active despair. Life seems to them to have no outlook, no glad surprise. Every ray of hope is quenched by the heavy atmosphere; and yet, if hope did quicken one desire, all might be changed, and that with startling suddenness. We have seen the dulllest catch fire, as the light streamed from the Cross; and we have seen those who had buried all hope turn their face to Jesus, and pray almost before they knew they could pray. We want to recover belief in the surprises of the Holy Spirit, and proclaim the message with an accent of conviction that will be in itself a gospel.

Let the prisoner—but surely learn that the outer door of his prison shall one day be opened, and he will never again rest comfortably in his cell. So it is with the unsaved soul. The very sight of the door makes him dissatisfied with a life of sin; he shall escape—he must escape—one day, and he feels in his better moments the touch of the hand of Jesus.

Beyond the door, what prospects lie! This is Achaz, the valley of trouble, dark with shadows, desolate with dead wind; but, beyond, who can tell what fair landscapes lie bathed in sunshine? Pardon, peace, victory, life lived in faith and love, the growing likeness of the soul to God—all that beyond the opening of the door! Greater than the powers of punishment is the might of hope, and so God has tempered judgment with mercy.

Those men who have ever attempted to drive sheep will remember how difficult the task is, especially to get the animals headed in the right direction. "As timid as a sheep" is a proverb, and its truth is proven every day and every hour wherever sheep are handled.

If the sheep are in the stock cars it is a big job to get them out. The efforts of the attendants to get them to leave the cars usually result in the whole bunch crowding up in one end and refusing to go out the door. Sometimes it was even necessary that each individual sheep be actually lifted up and taken from the car.

And sometimes this 28-hour limit expired in the dead of night, when the sheep were all lying asleep on the floor of the car. At such times it was almost impossible to unload except by the "hand" method. At times half an hour was consumed in unloading a single car.

After the sheep were fed and watered came the reloading, and again there was trouble, almost as much as when unloading.

The railroad found it necessary to maintain a large force of men at each feeding station, it being found more economic to do this than to spend hours and hours loading and unloading a train. This cost money, and lots of it, but there seemed no means of avoiding the expense. There stood the United States ready to inflict a \$100 fine every time a car of sheep was not fed and watered every 28 hours. Employing the men was cheaper than fines.

His Philosophy.

Hank Stubbs—Ambition ain't hard by wuth will.

Bilge Miller—Why not?

Hank Stubbs—Well, if you are hehind the procession you hafter keep bumpin' into somebody, an' if you git ahead you're liable to get tetter-copped.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

In some churches cold facts would make a hot sermon.

A store of unparaphrased piety in the heart soon paralyzes it.

Many reformers get switched off on to reforming one another.

Turn your face to the sun and you will never fear the shadows.

A man soon gets tired of his religion when he does not work at it.

People who live in a bread and butter world are always hungry.

Teach a child to lie in the hymns on Sunday and the temptations of the week will take care of the rest.

Anxious.

Fred—My dear Dora, let this thought console you for your lover's death. Remember that other and better men than he have gone the same way.

Bereaved One—They haven't all gone, have they?—Exchange.

Makes a Difference.

"I heard your dad say 'like the devil' the other day."

"My dad has a right to talk about the devil. He's a preacher."—Chicago Tribune.

An Independent Spirit.

"This earth gets a chance to see Halley's comet only once in 76 years."

"Well," replied the man who is strong on local pride, "we've gotting any of the worst of it. That's as often as Halley's comet gets a chance to see the earth."

Universal Parity.

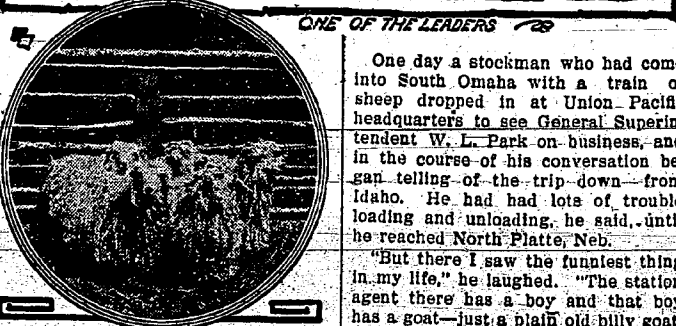
"What fellow is too darned literal."

"As to how?"

"If you ask him how he feels he immediately utters a lot of symptoms."—Fittsburg Post.

All seems beautiful to me. I can ever repeat to men and women: "You have done such good work to me; I would do the same to you."—Wait Whitman.

And all the world loves to laugh with a laughter.

GOATS ASSIST
RAILROAD

ONE OF THE LEADERS

A BUNCH OF KIDS

THE Union Pacific railroad has discovered a new use for billy goats and every day at half a hundred stock feeding stations on the line of the big railroad system, solemn goats with long white beards act the part of Judea's unsuspecting sheep to their doom. Little did the grave members of the Interstate Commerce commission think when they made a ruling that live stock en route from the great western ranges to the packing houses along the Missouri river, should not be kept aboard railroad trains for more than 28 consecutive hours, but that, at the expiration of that period, the animals should be taken from the cars and given water and provender, that the ruling would be responsible for the creation of a band of goats trained to ingratiate themselves into the confidence of innocent little lambs, matronly ewes and stately rams, and bring these down to their death.

But such is the case, and the Union Pacific railroad has a flock of goats, each—indeed, members of which can do better work along the lines for which it is trained than half a dozen men could do in twice the time.

When the 28-hour law went into effect the Union Pacific railroad found it necessary to build big feeding yards at numerous points along its line. In fact, these yards were installed about every 25 miles from end to end of the big system. During the shipping season that railroad brings hundreds of thousands of sheep from the great ranges of Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Idaho, Oregon, Montana, California and the southwestern states to the packing houses at Omaha. Under the new law it was necessary that these sheep be unloaded, fed and watered, and then reloaded every 28 hours.

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His church is universal love,
And whose dwells therein
Shall need no customary sacrifice
To wash away his sin;
And music in its praises shall dwell,
Of sweetest and truest
Sweet as dreamed sounds of angel
harp
Down-quivering through the blue
They shall not ask a litany,
The souls that worship there,
But every look shall be a hymn,
And every word a prayer;
Their service shall be written bright
In calm and holy eyes,
And every day from fragrant hearts
Fit incense shall arise.
—James Russell Lowell.

She Took a Chance

"Charles," cooed the bride's dearest girl friend, "you've never told me how you and Jack happened to get engaged."

The bride held back her head and studied the effect of an embroidered initial on something white and fluffy. "I never told a living soul," she said. "Goodness! How exciting! What in the world—"

"Not one living soul! But if you promise you'll never tell anybody."

"Charles," you know me better than to think I'd ever breathe a word."

"Well, it was one night last spring. I'd been writing letters in my den and was bored to death. I'd just broken off with Howard and I hadn't any hopes of a caller, for Tom was in Canada and Martin was working nights on his law cases and Herbert was out of town and that nice Mr. Selbert you girls were all crazy over—"

"I wasn't, if you mean me, Charles, you horrid thing! I didn't think he was nice at all, and I always said he'd turn out something we didn't expect."

"Well, he did," when they arrested him for bigamy. But then, that hasn't anything to do with how Jack and I got engaged."

"It was one of those lovely spring nights—full moon and full moon, and people out walking, and I was cooped up in my den all alone, with every blessed man I knew out of the question, and nobody at home except Mabel studying her Latin on the porch. You know my den opens right off the end of the front hall."

The bride paused.

"I'd just fixed up that den," she went on, "and I felt so proud of it that I had everybody come in there. So when I heard somebody mount the front steps as if he belonged to the family and then say something to Mabel, I didn't budge."

"When Mabel called, 'Somebody you know to see you, Charles,' I just said, 'Tell him to come straight to the den.' I thought, maybe Martin had got tired of his law cases and come over for a few minutes."

"Whoever it was walked in as confidently as if he'd been to see me the day before. I liked his step. Don't you think there's a lot of character in the way people walk? This man's walk was firm and even, just as if he knew what he wanted and never would stop until he got it. If it took him years and years."

"Then, what do you think? You'd never guess in a thousand years!"

"I'd perfectly romantic," murmured the girl-friend, "never could guess, so hurry and tell me."

"He came right into the den, and before I could turn around he put his hands over my eyes and said in the nicest voice, 'Guess who!'"

"I racked my brains for a minute, for I knew I'd heard the voice before, though whom it belonged to I hadn't the slightest idea. He might be almost anybody, but I knew he was nice, just from the way he walked and the way his voice sounded. Besides, I was half crazy for some excitement, and I think it was just direct inspiration—I said, softly:

"There's only one man in the world who has a right to do that, and I'd know him among a thousand."

"What do you think of that for nerve! But, goodness! I didn't have time to reflect on what I'd done. Things happened too fast."

"The next thing I remember is that I was all bunched up in Jack Phelps' coat collar and asking him why he'd never written me from Colorado all these years. He'd been away ever since he left college, you know, and he was my first sweetheart—in fact, we were about half engaged when he went away."

"When I saw how perfectly dear he was and how handsome he looked—don't you think he has the loveliest nose?—why, I never said a word; any way, I was in love with him before I knew what was happening."

"No, still thinks I remembered his



This photograph recently taken in London shows Prince Edward as he looked two weeks before his grandfather's death.

voice and knew who he was when, I said that—he thinks it's perfectly wonderful. Maybe when I'm an old married woman and Jack's baldheaded I'll tell him about it."

"But not now!" murmured the girl friend, recovering her breath.

"Oh, by no means!" said Clarence. Chicago Daily News.

ORGANIZED CHARITY.

Even in 1843 Poor of Cities Admonished to Seek the Parson.

When in 1843 Robert M. Hartley, the father of systematic charity in America, organized the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, it was in great measure true that the destitute beggars, who congregated in our great cities, suffered either through dense ignorance of their opportunities or through the lack of the moral and physical stamina that led so many of their sturdier fellows to avail themselves of the boundless natural resources that America offered gratuitously to any who were ready to take a hand in building the nation.

Writing in 1848, Hartley, Harper's says, depicts the fact that in spite of enlarged public and private provisions for the relief of the indigent, "the streets were still filled with mendicants, the benevolent were harassed with applications, and importunate impostors were constantly obtaining the aid which was designed only for the needy and deserving."

The attitude of mind created by these conditions Hartley expressed in several of the admonitory tracts which, as general agent of the association, he addressed to the city's poor. "Every able-bodied man in this country," he declared, "may support himself and family comfortably. If you do not, it is probably owing to idleness, improvidence, or intemperance. You will gossip and smoke, neglect your children and beg, live in filth and discomfort, drink and carouse, do almost anything rather than work, and expect, forgoth, to be supported by charity. Some of you in all honesty ask not alms but work, but how will you get what does not exist? There are so many more hands than work that by remaining here you are doomed to starve in idleness or subsist by charity. To the sober and industrious we say, 'Stay not here to pine in idleness and want, when the wide and fertile country offers you employment and all that is needful for comfort and elevation.'"

Those who willfully and stubbornly remained in spite of these admonitions, Hartley and his associated Good Samaritans determined to make the best of by elevating their moral character and teaching them to depend upon themselves. They divided the city into 278 sections, each one in charge of a resident male volunteer—a member always of one of the best families—who pledged himself to withhold all relief from unknown persons, and to visit in their homes those who appeared to require benevolent services, and, by discriminating and judicious relief combined with admonitions to prudence, thrift, diligence and temperance, to help them discover those hidden springs of virtue within themselves from which alone their prosperity might flow.

But Hartley and his associates did not limit their activities to personal visitation. Almost all the devices for improving the condition of the poor that are current in our day were devised by them.

Liked His Father.

"Don't you know that little boy who swears don't go to heaven?"

"That's all right, mister, I'd rather be with pa, anyhow."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

The expert accountant who is called in to balance a set of books never figures on having a steady job.

TAX ON MEN'S INCOMES.

How the Drastic Collection is Enforced in Great Britain.

The resolution authorizing the collection of income tax for the year April 1, 1909-March 31, 1910, was passed by the House of Commons last night, the London Mail says. Through-out the country the boards of commissioners are anxiously awaiting the instructions of Somerset House, so that they may begin work. The rates of the new tax are:

Income tax (dividend) 1 d. per pound. Earned income up to £2,000 1 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £2,000-£3,000 2 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £3,000-£4,000 3 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £4,000-£5,000 4 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £5,000-£6,000 5 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £6,000-£7,000 6 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £7,000-£8,000 7 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £8,000-£9,000 8 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £9,000-£10,000 9 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £10,000-£11,000 10 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £11,000-£12,000 11 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £12,000-£13,000 12 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £13,000-£14,000 13 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £14,000-£15,000 14 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £15,000-£16,000 15 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £16,000-£17,000 16 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £17,000-£18,000 17 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £18,000-£19,000 18 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £19,000-£20,000 19 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £20,000-£21,000 20 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £21,000-£22,000 21 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £22,000-£23,000 22 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £23,000-£24,000 23 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £24,000-£25,000 24 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £25,000-£26,000 25 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £26,000-£27,000 26 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £27,000-£28,000 27 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £28,000-£29,000 28 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £29,000-£30,000 29 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £30,000-£31,000 30 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £31,000-£32,000 31 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £32,000-£33,000 32 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £33,000-£34,000 33 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £34,000-£35,000 34 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £35,000-£36,000 35 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £36,000-£37,000 36 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £37,000-£38,000 37 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £38,000-£39,000 38 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £39,000-£40,000 39 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £40,000-£41,000 40 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £41,000-£42,000 41 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £42,000-£43,000 42 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £43,000-£44,000 43 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £44,000-£45,000 44 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £45,000-£46,000 45 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £46,000-£47,000 46 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £47,000-£48,000 47 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £48,000-£49,000 48 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £49,000-£50,000 49 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £50,000-£51,000 50 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £51,000-£52,000 51 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £52,000-£53,000 52 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £53,000-£54,000 53 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £54,000-£55,000 54 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £55,000-£56,000 55 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £56,000-£57,000 56 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £57,000-£58,000 57 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £58,000-£59,000 58 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £59,000-£60,000 59 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £60,000-£61,000 60 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £61,000-£62,000 61 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £62,000-£63,000 62 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £63,000-£64,000 63 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £64,000-£65,000 64 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £65,000-£66,000 65 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £66,000-£67,000 66 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £67,000-£68,000 67 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £68,000-£69,000 68 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £69,000-£70,000 69 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £70,000-£71,000 70 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £71,000-£72,000 71 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £72,000-£73,000 72 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £73,000-£74,000 73 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £74,000-£75,000 74 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £75,000-£76,000 75 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £76,000-£77,000 76 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £77,000-£78,000 77 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £78,000-£79,000 78 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £79,000-£80,000 79 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £80,000-£81,000 80 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £81,000-£82,000 81 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £82,000-£83,000 82 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £83,000-£84,000 83 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £84,000-£85,000 84 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £85,000-£86,000 85 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £86,000-£87,000 86 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £87,000-£88,000 87 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £88,000-£89,000 88 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £89,000-£90,000 89 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £90,000-£91,000 90 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £91,000-£92,000 91 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £92,000-£93,000 92 s. 6 d. per pound. Earned income, £93,000-£9

Crawford Avalanche.

G. FARMER, Editor and Proprietor.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 9

HomeCircleDepartment

A column dedicated to Tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

Crude thoughts as they fall from the Editorial Pen—Pleasant Evening Reveries.

Don't tell everything you know, don't tell everything you hear, don't bluster your tongue with backbiting, don't be Satan's flatterer to blow up the fire of strife in the community. Either cut off a bit of your tongue or season it with the salt of grace. Be quick to work and slow to talk. Think of your own faults ere other people's faults you tell.

It is unfortunate that many girls think all they are required to do is to make trash, read trash, dress well and entertain their friends. Parents often imagine it to be the quintessence of kindness to allow their daughters to waste the years of their girlhood in such a manner. We are appalled when we realize what a vast army of young girls are throwing away their opportunities for usefulness. We would be glad if we could arouse the girls who prefer gaudy clothing and glittering jewelry, and having a good time, to a correct education and who prefer the society of silly young men to the work of good authors. If girls would be truly happy, they should select a work the same as their brothers do a profession; they will then have an interest in life and will find happiness in useful work.

A Mother's Love.

It is not prosperity, with her smile and beauty, that tries the purity and fervor of a mother's love; it is in the dark and dreary precincts of adversity, amid the cold frowns of an unfeeling world, in poverty and despair, in sickness and in sorrow, that it shines with a brightness beyond mortality, and stilling the secret of its own bosom, strives but to pour balm and consolation upon the sufferer, and the cup of misery, filled to overflowing, serves but to bind them more firmly and dearly to each other, as the storms of winter bid the sheltering ivy twine itself more closely around the withering oak. Absence cannot chill a mother's love, nor can even vice itself destroy a mother's kindness. The lowest degradations of human frailty cannot wholly blot out the remembrance of the first fond yearning of your affection, or the faint memorial of primeval innocence. Nay, it seems as if the very consciousness of the abject state of her erring child more fully developed the mighty force of that mysterious passion, which can forget and forgive all things, though the youth of her fairest hopes may be cast off from God and man, yet she will forsake him, but participate in all things save his wickedness.

Old Age.

We wish to say a few words for the old folks, believing that the intimacies of advanced years are often treated with an indifference that is hard to bear. Not by all, of course, for there are many who will hope the majority that are thoughtful of the aged and kind to them. Then again, there are others who, to put it mildly, are harsh and cold. It is very natural to smile on what is lovely and strong, and frown on the reverse without even observing that we do so; and it often follows, with the young especially, that as they look on the furrowed face, the dim eyes, the trembling hands, the tottering, uncertain steps of an old man or woman, they seem to forget that in that warm and homely prison house are a heart and soul that yearn for recognition, for kindness in word and deed, and for a little love, with an intensity that youth in its fulness does not know. They must forget, or one would not so often hear such remarks as, "Oh, grandma, don't bother; grandma forgets everything; grandma, what do you want to go for? Old folks ought to be contented at home!"

In our words to others, in all our dealings with them, it is our duty to stop and think; and with the old it is positive cruelty not to do so. It is down, with remembrance, a little with steep, stony paths, and at its foot there is only a grave. Don't by impatient words and looks push them along its precipitous ways; don't bruise their weary feet with rocks of ridicule and unfeeling jest; don't gaze that downward slope with the look of indifference; and, above all, don't hang on every bush and boulder, placards of their own deterioration. It is not necessary to remind them that they have left their prime and strength behind. They know it; none so well.

Yes, let us sometimes stop and think; let us turn from our own ambition, from our ambitions for our children and lend a hand to the old folks. Let us smooth their path, let them lean on us as they stop over the steep ledge, and let us warm the chill of that bleak hill side with sympathy and love. Let us give them back all they ever in other days and give with interest, for, believe us, however useless you may deem them now, you will miss them when they are gone. It may be as you stand by their cot, it may be in years to come, when you tread the path once was theirs; you will stop and think; thoughts will come. Then God help you! God help us all. That in those thoughts there may not be that word of flame—remorse.

However worldly and sinful people are they want their children good. How are you going to have them good? Buy them a few good books? Teach them a few excellent catechisms? Bring them to church? That is all very well, but of little final result unless you do it with the grace of God to your heart. Do you realize that your children are started for eternity? Are they on the right road? Those little forms that are now so bright and beautiful when they have scattered in the dust, there will be an immortal spirit living on in a mighty theater of action, and your faithfulness or your neglect now is deciding their destiny.

Lovell's Locals.

Wm. B. Merston arrived Tuesday morning.

C. W. Ward is treating his new barn to a coat of paint. J. E. Spencer is handling the brush.

Mr. Parmerly was in town Friday and reports crops looking fine.

Mr. Merston club house is finished.

Mr. Stark of Saginaw did the work and is now in the employment of C. W. Ward.

Alonzo Bessy is making cement posts for Mr. Ward, who is building a shed 30x70 to store lumber in.

School closed Friday with appropriate exercises.

W. B. Crall, organized a Gleaner Lodge at this place May 25, the following officers were elected:

Chief Gleaner—Lewis Davis

Vice Chief Gleaner—Mrs. Cora N. Nephew

Chaplin—Nellie Rosier

Sec. and Treas.—Alfred B. Nephew

Conductor—David Chrysler

Conductress—Melvin Lepard

Lecturer—Amanda D. Chrysler

Inner Guard—Joseph F. Duby

Outer guard—David Shibley.

DAN.

Sources of Salt Supply.

The largest domestic source of the salt supply is in New York state, in the vicinity of Syracuse, Michigan probably comes next.

L. E. OPPENHEIM & CO., BAY CITY'S LARGEST CLOTHIERS.



Copyright 1909 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Try One of These Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits

AT
\$18.00 & \$20.00

Oppenheim's in Bay City are offering a few excellent numbers in Men's Suits for the next few days, that will greatly repay a trip to Bay City for these alone. They came direct to us from the well known manufacturer, Hart, Schaffner and Marx and embody all the good features that have made this line famous the country over.

Latest Styles, Excellent Qualities and Superior Workmanship

at the prices asked are certainly marvels of modern clothing. Every new cloth in a variety of handsome weaves and colors are shown in the assortment. Fully guaranteed in every respect.

Boys Knickerbocker Suits

WITH EXTRA PAIR PANTS

\$3.95



A most complete line of Trunks, Bags and Valetes.

These suits at such a low and popular price should bring every mother of a boy to our store at the first opportunity. It is very seldom that you find such great durability as is the case with these and with the extra pair of pants, they last about twice as long as the ordinary kind. Materials are the best and styles and colors the latest. Well worth 4-5 more, but our price is only \$3.95.

THE HATS AT Oppenheim's

FOR
\$3.00

Most men will wonder how such good quality is put in a hat at this price. They are exclusive lines only found with us in Bay City and you will find them to be from well known makers. All the seasons latest styles in every new shape are in the assortment and you are sure to find the hat that becomes you at a really insignificant price of \$3.00.



Imported Hats

L. E. OPPENHEIM & CO. BAY CITY, MICHIGAN.

REDUCED FARES

for the round trip to

Holland, Mich.

account

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT

Going June 20, 21 and 22 returning to each original starting point not later than midnight of June 25, 1910.

For Particulars Consult Agents

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

Michigan State Fair September 1910.

The attention of all farmers and others interested in horticulture and agriculture in the counties composing the Northeastern Development Bureau territory to the advisability of formulating plans for making a large and comprehensive exhibit of the products of the counties at the Michigan State Fair to be held in September next. The premium list committee has revised the list in such a manner that the counties in this territory shall be in a class by themselves under the classification of "County Exhibits."

In the department of farm products and in the department of grains, vegetables and fruits. The Development Bureau has agreed to double all first premiums in this class on the single entries if won by a resident of the Northeastern Michigan Development Bureau's territory; providing, however, that such winner furnishes a correct statement as to the number of acres upon which said crop from which the exhibit was taken, and the yield of the same.

Arrangements will be made whereby the exhibit from the territory in the Northeastern Development Bureau, shall be shown at the fair together. The advantages of this are clearly discernible. It will centralize the exhibit of a portion of the state that wishes especially to attract the attention of the public and to acquaint it with the productive capacity of the region now being exploited. As an advertising feature the value of this plan can hardly be over-estimated, and besides the display will be more attractive and more effective than would be the case were the counties to make separate exhibits.

The idea of those who have under-

NEW YORK
CENTRAL
LINES

EXCURSION Sunday

June 12, 1910

(Returning same day)

To Bay City \$1.40

Saginaw \$1.60

Special train leaves at 7:00 A.M.

For particulars Consult Ticket Agent.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

TEMPLE THEATRE

Some night next week will present

"The Life of Moses"

The greatest feature in Moving Picture, all handsomely painted in colors, Religious Interesting and very Beautiful.

ALL EVENING ENTERTAINMENT.

Special fine music arranged by the Independent Orchestra.

See Handbills Later on
Price 15 and 25c.

taken this Development project is to use all legitimate efforts to so advertise the region as to attract home-seekers. In unity there is strength, and these counties can, acting collectively, make an exhibit at the state fair that will inevitably attract wide attention and be productive of excellent results.

NEW YORK
CENTRAL
LINES

Reduced Fares

For the round trip to

SANDUSKY, OHIO

account

Knights of St. John

Going June 17 to 22 inclusive; returning to reach original starting point not later than midnight of June 27, 1910.

For particulars, consult Ticket Agent

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

GRADUATION PRESENTS!

We have them

Large or Small.

Just received a fine line

Best suited for the occasion.

RINGS

Signet, set and diamonds.

WATCHES

for the girls and young men.

Bracelets, Cuff Links, Necklaces, Pins, Mesh Bags, Collar Pins, Buck Combs, Hat Pins, Barrettes, Sterling Silver Novelties, Souvenir Spoons, High Grade Stationery.

We guarantee every article we sell.

A. Peterson

Watchmaker and Jeweler.

The One Drawback. It would be comparatively easy to establish a universal brotherhood of men if nobody ever found it necessary to try to borrow money.

1878. 1910.

The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a Century.

FIRST CLASS GOODS!

RIGHT PRICES!

Always our Motto.

We are headquarters for

Groceries & Provisions

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS

SHOES, HARDWARE

FLOUR, FEED

LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson Co.

If You Want to See

THE NEW THINGS YOU MUST COME WHERE THEY ARE. Our Model Shoe Department is justly well known and well liked in all the country round about. It has never been more deserving of the patronage of all people than

Right Now!

Inspection of our thoroughly complete stock of New Spring Footwear is cordially invited. We can please you in STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

New Spring Dress Goods.

After all has been said that can be said, there remains so much that has been left unsaid that nothing short of an inspection will convey to your understanding the real beauty and worth of these new Dress Fabrics. New Gingham in all the new Plaids and Checks. New white goods in Dimities and Flaxons. New Dress in all the leading colors. MEN'S SUITS in Blue, Gray and Green in all the new stylish cuts. Call and inspect them and you will be convinced that we are the Leading Dry Goods and Clothing Store.

A. KRAUS & SON.

LEADING DRY GOODS STORE.

OUR AGENTS MAKE \$50.00 A WEEK

Selling new process water color portrait and gold frame. Costs 90 cents complete with glass, sells for \$1.98. Samples and instructions free. Young man in Ohio made \$22.00 in one day. We are the largest picture and frame house in the world. One general agent wanted in each county. Give us reference and we will extend you thirty day's credit with steady, honorable employment at a big income. Our business is established twenty-five years. We are not in the picture and frame trust. We want honorable, trustworthy representatives only. You need no capital to work for us. We teach you how to make a success. Address at once WILLIAMS ART COMPANY, 2515 W. Taylor Street, Chicago, Ill. In answering state "Saw advertisement in Crawford Avalanche."

Choice

Meats

Fresh or Smoked

Delivered to

Your Kitchen

Phone No. 2

Have you tried our Home-Smoked Hams?

We sell them whole or sliced.

Yours for the

Asking.

Peoples Market

MILKS BRO'S Prop's.

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford

In the matter of the estate of Daniel M. Byrne, deceased, Notice is hereby given that four months from the 12th day of May A. D. 1910, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said probate office in the village of Grayling in said county, on or before the 12th day of September A. D. 1910, and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday the 12th day of September A. D. 1910 at two o'clock in the afternoon.

Dated May 12th A. D. 1910.
WELLINGTON BATTERSON,
Judge of Probate.

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JUNE 9

Local and Neighborhood News.

Take Notice.

The date following your address on this paper shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are \$1.50 per year in advance. If your time is up, please renew promptly. A X following your name means we want our money.

All advertisements, communications, correspondence, etc., must reach us by Tuesday noon, and cannot be considered later.

Hear the Band!

The Texas Cattle King, at Opera House Tuesday night.

Pineapples at Phelps'. Can Pineapples this week.

Sensation of the season—Opera House, Tuesday night.

Dwelling houses and corner store, building for sale.—L. Fournier. 1317

Don't fail to see The Texas Cattle King, Tuesday night.

FOR SALE—Oak Sideboard \$10.00. Lewis & Co's Drug Store. may 12

Let me quote you a price on Royal or Asbestos Roofing, put on. F. R. Deckrow.

Beech and Maple Block Wood for furnaces. Leave orders with SALLING HANSON COMPANY

Fine Bathroom Outfit in display window No. 400 Cedar street. F. R. Deckrow.

Wanted—Five or six little pigs, at least 6 weeks old. Address P. Aebli, Grayling, Mich.

T. W. Hanson and H. A. Bauman are not twins, but are brothers-in-law born on the same day, June 4, 1875.

For repairs on automobiles and bicycles call on Oliver Ralph at Olson's automobile barn.

Ten acres of land containing three houses, on south side for sale cheap for cash. Enquire at this office.

FOUND—A pocket book. Owner can have same by describing pocket book and contents and paying for this Ad. Call on Miss M. Nelson.

Don't have the nerve to send items to this office announcing, doing, gotten up for profit unless you want to pay for them. We sell our space and papers for a living. If advertising is worth doing it is worth paying for.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is sold on a guarantee that if you are not satisfied after using two-thirds of a bottle according to directions, your money will be refunded. It is up to you to try. Sold by all dealers.

For plastering and other mason work and estimates of work in my line, call or address Wm. Fairbairn, Grayling, Mich. 13-14

A public reception will be given to Miss Josephine Russell at the Danabod Hall, Wednesday evening at eight o'clock, June 15. For further particulars enquire of Mesdames Chamberlain, Roblin or Michelson.

FOR SALE—My house and four lots at the corner of Lake and Erie streets, also eighty acres of land, one and one-half miles east of Grayling. E. H. Wainwright. may 19

The Presbyterian church and Sunday School services for next Sunday June 12, will be held in the Danabod Hall.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will brace up the nerves, banish sick headache, prevent dizziness and invigorate the whole system. Sold by all dealers.

Bring the news to this office. We are always glad to have our subscribers send or bring us items of news. If all subscribers would give us one item each week what a grand local paper we could have. Send in anything but politics and we shall be thankful.

The Bell coffees are always good. If you have not tried the Bell Southern coffee at 25 cents a pound, you have not tested the best coffee for the price. There is none what is possible to do to save its strength and flavor and it is packed in 1 lb. tin cans. Salling Hanson Co.

We heard on the street the other day of a man who claimed he was too poor to take his home paper but all the same he read a notice in one of our county papers telling how to prevent a horse from slobbering, and sent \$1.50 for receipt. When the \$1.50 worth of information came it said: "Teach your horse how to spit."

Lame shoulder is almost invariably caused by rheumatism of the muscles and yields quickly to the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. This liniment is not only prompt and effective, but in no way disagreeable to use. Sold by all dealers.

Read the announcements of your merchants in this issue. Many a dollar has been saved by a careful perusal of a merchant's ad. When a business man advertises for your patronage he not only has a line of goods that "speaks" but there may be some article or article that you desire and that it may be advantageous to buy at this time.

"It cured me," or "It saved the life of my child," are the expressions you hear every day about Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This is the true world over where this reliable remedy has been introduced. No other medicine in use for diarrhea or bowel complaints has received such general approval. The secret of the success of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is that it cures. Sold by all dealers.

Sweetest Show of the season, Opera House, Tuesday night.

Miss Ethelyn Woodfield will close a successful seven months term of school in the Schreiber district tomorrow.

A. M. Lewis went to Newberry, in the U. P., last week, for a visit with the members of the firm there, returning Tuesday.

The "Old Man" went to Keokuk the first of the week, for a short visit with his sister, and will stop in Chicago on the way home, combining business and visiting while there.

Frank Jorgenson is here for a vacation from his new home, near Louisville, Ky., where he is Assistant Cashier in the bank. He is not looking as strong, as when he was breathing our pure air.

J. H. Cook has now ready a fine lot of Cabbage and Tomato plants for transplanting, also green Onions, Lettuce and Radishes ready for the table. All kinds of garden truck during the season. City Phone 444.

Wanted—100 men to peel 500 cords of bark; good timber and good wages, \$2.50 per cord, peel and stump pile camps: Eckerman, D. S. S. & A. R. R. Peninsula Park & Lumber Co., Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

Thirty years ago last Saturday was gala day in Grayling, it being the dedication of the first court house in the county after its organization. There are comparatively few of the inhabitants left to celebrate the event.

Comrad Dan Squires, Engineer of the M. C. Yard train for many years, has left California and returned to Centerville, Wash. He sends his best wishes to all the "Old Boys," and wants them to know that his address will be 802 North Tower Avenue, until further notice.

If you are not satisfied after using according to directions two-thirds of a bottle of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, you can have your money back. The tablets cleanse and invigorate the stomach, improve the digestion, regulate the bowels, give them a trial and get well. Sold by all dealers.

That famous romantic play of southern life in 1856 to 63, "St. Elmo" will be seen next Thursday, for one engagement only. It is useless to go into details as nearly every one has read this book some time during its forty years, as the seventh best seller.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Woodfield of this place, and Miss Woodfield and her two daughters, now residing at Jackson, will start for their old home in England, June 20. They expect to be gone two or three months and anticipate a great visit, not having been there for nearly thirty years. The best wishes of hosts of friends will follow them over the pond.

Miss Alice as "Edna Earl" in "St. Elmo" is well known throughout Michigan and her conception of the part is said to be by far the best thing she has ever attempted. Her many friends will be very much pleased to hear of her success. Miss Bolton is surrounded with a very strong company.

Mr. Wilbert Chambers who will be seen next Thursday is especially fitted for the very difficult role. It is needless to go into details about the part as nearly everyone has read the book and know just what is expected. Mr. Chambers is an actor of vast experience who has been playing through this country for the past ten years, and he has met with great success this season. No one can afford to miss the best thing of the season.

The members of the Mich. Press Association and of the Eastern Michigan Press Club unite this year for their annual outing. They rendezvoused at Port Huron the 23rd, leaving there at 12:30 P. M. for Toronto on a special train furnished by the Grand Trunk Railroad, and from there Friday P. M. to Allandale and Huntsville and to the Wa Wa Hotel Friday evening, returning the next week by the Grand Trunk to Niagara Falls. We imagine it will be a most enjoyable and restful trip.

The "Avalanche" of April 20, 1882, said: "A railroad running from Manistee to Alpena, by way of Grayling, would be a good investment for parties with capital, and would be almost an airline, passing through some good farming country and heavy pine. After 27 years, our statement has been accepted as true, and the road is practically here. Mr. C. W. Amidon is building the bridge across the Assable to admit the road into our village, the grading being finished and the iron almost in sight. Listen for the whistle."

"The Texas Cattle King," which comes to the Opera House Tuesday, June 11, is one of the most beautiful and interesting comedy dramas now before the public, full of pathos, mirth and interesting situations. The scene of the play is laid in the Lone Star State—the home of chivalry—and portrays in a faithful manner the life on the plains as it really is. The company is composed of excellent players, selected with care from the best theaters in the east, and patrons of the Opera House are assured of a rare treat on the appearance this play.

A Dreadful Wound from a knife, gun, tin can, rusty nail, fireworks, or of any other nature, demands prompt treatment with Buckle's Kidney and Bladder Remedy. This is the true world over where this reliable remedy has been introduced. No other medicine in use for diarrhea or bowel complaints has received such general approval. The secret of the success of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is that it cures. Sold by all dealers.

Graduating Exercises.

The Programmes are out for the Grayling High School, and for Eighth Grade.

The announcements have been issued for the commencement exercises of the Senior Class of the Grayling High School to be held June 19th, 21st and 22d, and for the eighth grade the 24th.

The class is composed of the following: Earl Woodburn Pres., Harry J. Conine Sec. and Treasurer, Laura J. Munn, Ruth Barlow, Louise N. Peterson, Ethel M. Tromble and Wm. E. McCullough.

Rev. J. Humphrey Fleming will deliver the Baccalaureate address, Sunday evening June 19th, at the Presbyterian church.

Class day exercises will be at the opera house June 21, at 8 p. m. The programme will include Music by the orchestra; Invocation, Rev. J. H. Fleming; President address, Earl F. Woodburn; Solo "When we're together," Mrs. T. W. Hanson; Essay, "End there is None," Ethel M. Tromble; Music (Selected), Orchestra; Oration, "The Upper Fork," Wm. E. McCullough; Music (Selected), High School Chorus; Essay, "Environment," Laura J. Munn; Music (Selected), Orchestra; Class Will, Louise M. Peterson; Prophecy, Ruth Barlow; Music (Selected), Miss G. Kelly, Mr. M. C. Brooks; Valedictory, Harry J. Conine; Music (Selected), Orchestra.

Prof. H. A. Lott of Ypsilanti will deliver the commencement address at the opera house, June 22, 8 p. m.

The Class Motto, "End There is None", Class Colors, Green and White and Class Flower, White Rose. The eighth grade class of the Grayling school announces its Commencement exercises, Thursday, June twenty third, at the opera house, 8 o'clock p. m. There will be nearly twenty five of the graduates of this grade, but the programme of exercises not being complete, we are unable to give it with this issue, but it is assured to be equal, if not in advance of any former class.

The Juniors will give their annual banquet to the Senior class at the opera house Thursday evening the 17th.

The standing of the school has never been excelled, and our citizens are to be congratulated for the excellent work of the faculty for the past year and the business methods and interest shown by the Board.

Kept The King At Home.

"For the past year we have kept the King of all laxatives—Dr. King's New Life Pills—in our home and they have proved a blessing to all our family," writes Paul Mathews, of Buffalo, N. Y. Easy, but sure remedy for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 25c. at A. M. Lewis & Co's Drug Store.

Frank Jennings returned Wednesday from a trip to Ithaca, Grant county, where he was attending the funeral of his mother.

The Danish Young People's Society have obtained Lisit, Assessor from Grand View College of Des Moines, Iowa, to give a lecture at Danabod Hall, Thursday June 16th. Collee and cake will be served after at 10 cents.

Geo. Williams, an Indian, member of a base ball team that played at Frederic, last Sunday, was struck by train No. 202, while he was walking on the track from Frederic to Grayling and instantly killed. The body was horribly mangled. He lived in Lewistown, where he had a clothes-cleaning and dyeing establishment. It is not known where his relatives live.

We are in luck. In looking for some good seed potatoes we found just what we wanted, raised by George Palmer, of Frederic, who began last year, making a specialty of the latest proved varieties of early and late, of which he expects enough to supply a large area next year for seed. We coaxed a few bushels of the "Vermont Gold Coin" from him, which proved last year a fine keeper and gave a large yield. Write him for particulars.

One of our subscribers took us to task this week by failing, as he remarked, to publish all that happened. It was fortunate for this particular individual that discretion occasional demands the omission of unpleasant items. Should we publish all that is told to us we would be with the angels in about twenty minutes after our papers are mailed. We try to print all items that are news, or that will encourage, help or cheer any of our citizens, and we are sure that we all doubtless would enjoy reading "all the news" when it is about the other fellow, but our policy is to turn over to gossip the spreading of scandals that only leave sorrows in their trail.

A Woman's Great Idea

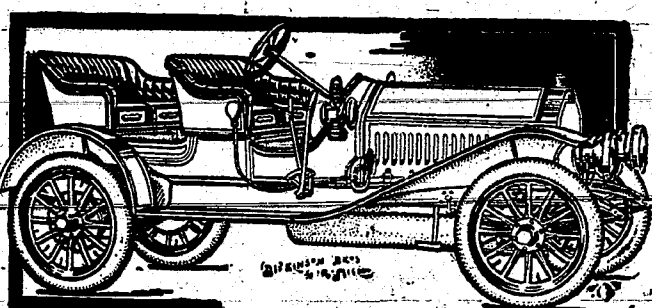
Is how to make herself attractive, but without health. It is hard for her to be lovely in face, form or temper. A weak, sickly woman will be nervous and irritable. Constipation and skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. But Electric Bitters always prove a godsend to women who want health, beauty and strength. They regulate the stomach, liver and kidneys, purify the blood, give strong nerves, bright eyes, pure breath, smooth, velvety skin, lovely complexion, good health. Try them. 50c. at A. M. Lewis & Co's Drug Store.

J A P = O CHINA MENDER

The very best mender for CHINA AND GLASS WARE. For sale by.

Sorenson's Furniture Store

OLSON'S Automobile Line!



MACHINES FOR SALE OR RENT.

Call at Central Drug Store or Auto Barn.

School Notes.

Invitations are out for the banquet to be given to the Seniors by the Juniors, June 17. Tickets may be purchased of the Juniors or at the High School. Sale of tickets closes June 14.

Miss Bell's Botany class is searching the country for forty different types of leaves.

The fourth grade A class is preparing illustrated booklets on Whittiers "Bare Foot Boy."

The seventh grade are preparing note books on "The Ancient Mariner."

The fourth and seventh grades regret the loss of Clarence and Lyle Abbott respectively, who are about to leave for their new home in Indiana.

One teacher declares we have had "Ten Gloomy Sundays."

Mr. Whitney, through Dr. Insley, gave the high school a very unexpected speech this morning concerning visitors certain kinds, he said they may be as liable to visit the Senior as the Freshman, so that excludes the Sophomores and Juniors.

Wm. Johnson caught a 2 1/2 foot pike near the Electric Light dam that weighed 7 1/2 pounds.

The Presbyterian Sunday School will hold their Children's Day services next Sunday afternoon in the Danabod Hall.

FOR SALE—A wardrobe, 1 organ, 1 cupboard with glass doors, odd pieces of bed room furniture, dining room chairs and several other articles to numerous to mention. For particulars call on Mrs. D. Eastman. June 9

Crawford County Grange No. 934 will hold Memorial services at their next regular meeting, June 18th. All Grangers are requested to be present and help make the day a success. Meeting will be open to all desiring to attend. Maud Belmore, Secretary.

The Band Dance given by the Citizens Band at the Opera House, last Friday was a grand success, financially and socially. The novelties introduced by Mr. Clark in the orchestral work, prominent among which was the dancing in an electrical storm, and the "Moonlight Dance," were received enthusiastically by the guests of the Band. The boys are preparing to give another in the very near future and will undoubtedly receive the hearty support of all lovers of good music. The boys appreciate such support and the proceeds go toward the purchase of new uniforms of which they are in need.

Marvelous Discoveries

mark the wonderful progress of the age. Air flights on heavy machines, inventions to kill men and that wonder of wonders, Dr. King's New Discovery to save life when threatened by coughs, colds, la-grippe, asthma, croup, bronchitis, hemorrhages, hay fever, and whooping cough or lung trouble. For all bronchial affliction it has no equal. It relieves instantly. Its sure cure. James M. Black of Asheville, N. C. R. No. 4, writes it cured him of an obstinate cough after all other remedies failed. 50c. and \$1.00. A trial bottle free. Guaranteed by A. M. Lewis & Co.

Peer Teeth of German Children. Dr. Jenson reports the astounding fact that out of a total of 100,000 school children from the different German states from 81 to 99 per cent. were found to have diseased teeth, and that practically only one per cent. had normal healthy mouths. The examinations of the teeth of the school children of the city of Berlin showed, according to Dr. Ritter, that 90 per cent. had defective dentures.

Graduation Gifts.

Commencement time is with us once again. You are planning to remember one or more members of this class with a suitable gift. For an occasion of this kind there is nothing equal to

JEWELRY

Flowers fade; books are read and laid aside, but jewelry of quality, the kind we sell, can be worn and appreciated long after the commencement essay is read and forgotten. We might as well get a dainty watch and fob, a diamond ring, or a beautiful locket chain as a few simple pieces that can be had from our specially selected stock at reasonable prices. Many other useful though inexpensive articles are on display. Let us supply your wants in this line. We

GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

C. J. Hathaway JEWELER & OPTICIAN GRAYLING, MICH.

Presbyterian Church.

Sunday, June 12, 1910.

Mid-week prayer-meeting Thursday 7:30 p. m.

Preaching in Danabod Hall at 10:30 a. m. Subject "Records which cannot be Repeated."

Sabbath School at 11:45 a. m. A. B. Failing, Supt.

C. E. at 6:30 p. m. Topic "God Knows." A. B. Failing, Leader.

"Children's Day" Services will be held in the Danabod Hall in the afternoon.

No evening service. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

J. HUMPHREY FLEMING, Pastor.

M. E. Church.

Sunday, June 12, 1910.

Services at the M. E. Church, June 12th, at the usual hours for services.

At 10:30 a. m. sermon before the Odd Fellows and Rebekahs. Subject "Unforgotten Kindness."

Sunday School at 11:45. Junior League at 3 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Subject "Truth that enlightens and purifies." Leader—Lillian Bates.

Annual Children's Day service at 7:30. Special program.

Special music morning and evening. The public is cordially invited to attend these services.

GREAT REDUCTION

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!

Weather conditions has left a large stock of spring merchandise on our shelves, which should have been disposed of. We are among those left long on merchandise and short on cash. But those conditions we have decided to offer a big reduction in

LADIES' SUITS

SKIRTS, WAISTS

LINEN AND DUCK SUITS

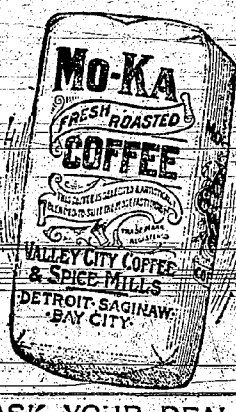
DRESSES AND MILLINERY

Lowest prices ever heard of in the city.

Don't get in the habit of missing it

Grayling Mercantile Company

"The Peoples Store"



If you wish to feel cheerful and happy all day, Be sure to drink Coffee that's labeled "MO-KA."

Always the Same.

PURE, WHOLESOME, DELICIOUS, HIGH GRADE.

Popular Price, 20c. the Pound.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR MO-KA COFFEE.

Don't send to Rears Sawbuck, or to Get your Money Ward and Co. for your groceries, because Phelps can, under mail order house's terms, sell you for just as low a price, and we have all the work, all you do is tell us what you want, If you do not believe this give Phelps a trial.

Household Goods for sale!

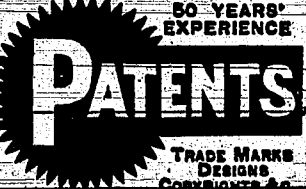
One Bird's Eye Maple Bed Room Suit, Bedsteads and Bed Springs, one Wash Boiler, Pictures, Chairs and Tables, Comodes, Rocking Chairs, Barber's Sideboard, one inch Block and Line, Heating and Cook Stoves, Dishes and Tinware—Wash Tubs, Wringers and Boards—Oil Stove; etc. Enquire of James Foreman. 31-44

For Sale.

The SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 and NW of SE 1/4, of Sec. 3, Town 26 n 3 w, about two miles from Grayling. For particulars call on P. Aebli, Grayling, Mich. Price \$200.00 cash. 23-4

Which is Entirely Different.

It is true, as the Richmond Virginian says, that no man is a hero to his stenographer, but often he becomes her husband.—Charleston News and Courier.



PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HARRINGTON PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS, 301 Broadway, New York.

Scientific American.

A hand-drawn illustration weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms: 5c a copy; three months \$1.50; six months \$3.00; one year \$6.00. Sold by all news-dealers.

Branch Office, 60 St. St., Washington, D. C.

For sewing machines, the best in the market, and at the lowest price call at the AVALANCHE office.

The Avalanche

O. PALMER, Publisher.
GRATING. MICHIGAN.

SUMMARY OF THE MOST IMPORTANT NEWS.

Sunday.
O. Henry died in New York following operation.

Chancellor Day declared that automobiles may become the curse of the nation.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt is soon to wed Miss Lily Elsie, a London singer and actress, according to London rumors.

Chicago medical colleges were denounced as unfit and the Illinois State board of health blamed for violation of law by a report made in Carnegie Foundation.

The United Hotels Company, an Albany corporation, is said to plan an increase of capital to \$50,000,000 and obtain control of a chain of hotels in large cities of United States and Canada.

Monday.
A flight from New York to Chicago by aeroplane for a prize of \$25,000 is an early possibility.

The country paid homage to its soldier dead. Taft reviewed New York soldiers and sailors.

The body of Alma Kellner, missing since last December, was found in a cistern under a parish house in Louisville, Ky.

Tuesday.
H. R. Lyon, Minneapolis millionaire, was held as a smuggler in New York. Thirty-nine persons were arrested during rioting on the streets of Rockford, Ill.

Death of a fish bill in the Illinois legislature will be investigated as promising to expose more graft.

Arrangements have been made for an aeroplane flight from New York to Chicago for a prize of \$25,000.

The Federal Supreme Court upheld the Interstate Commerce Commission in ordering a reduction of rates in a Denver case.

United States Judge Dyer at Hannibal, Mo., issued an order restraining twenty-five western roads from raising rates. Action was begun by Attorney General Wickersham under direction of President Taft.

Wednesday.
Charles D. Norton of Chicago was appointed secretary to President Taft.

The army of Madrid, defeated in an attack on Bluefields, was forced to flee in confusion.

The present system of administering law was declared behind the times by the Bar association statement.

As western railroad lines reviewed the decision enjoining them, Eastern roads threw a bomb into the rate situation by advancing tariffs.

Harry Thurston Peck, professor of Latin in Columbia University, was sued for \$50,000 for breach of promise by Miss Esther Quinn, who offers a hundred love letters as proof of the charge.

Thursday.
The government is to halt by injunction all increases in rates.

August Belmont's polo pony fell and the rider sustained a broken rib and was knocked unconscious.

Strong opposition within the Republican party makes the passage of a postal savings bank bill doubtful.

Folk, at a dinner to Missouri Democrats, outlined the platform on which it is said he will seek the presidency.

Charles Stewart Rolls flew across the British channel from Dover to Calais and back again without stopping on French soil.

New light, to be sold in pint or pound, and five times as brilliant as ordinary gas, was tried out with success at Long Island City.

Friday.
Mrs. Doxey was freed of the charge of poisoning W. F. Elder at St. Louis, but was rearrested.

Henry A. Blair's merger offer has been accepted by three of four elevated railroads of Chicago.

Albanian rebels are fighting bitterly for tax exemption and teaching of their own language in the schools.

Congress asked the Interstate Commerce Commission for statistics on which to base new railroad legislation.

The administration railway bill, much changed, was passed by the Senate 50 to 12, the Republicans voting as a unit.

The House adopted an amendment voting \$30,000 to the Secretary of Agriculture with which to experiment in paper-making.

Saturday.
Governors of many States favor a game fourth.

A Massachusetts mother appealed to Taft to save her boy taken as a rebel by Madrid in Nicaragua.

A blunder in arranging his route East nearly took Taft into Canada for seven hours, during which he would no longer be President.

President Taft, speaking in Michigan, warned against socialism, which he declared, is the greatest problem the nation has to solve.

Dr. E. W. Lange in a signed statement described the experience by which he discovered a process for the transmutation of base metals into silver.

MURKINS OF NEWS.
It is announced from Fort Arthur, Texas, that John W. Gates has donated \$250,000 for a university for the Methodist Church and has offered a forty-acre tract on a ridge overlooking the Gulf of Mexico as a site for the institution.

Joseph H. Hoadley, of New York, who heretofore has owned the controlling interest of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company of Birmingham, Ala., has sold the majority of his holdings to a syndicate composed of a large number of the largest coal operators of Birmingham, Pa.

BANISHMENT FOR HEBREWS.

Russia Ousts Jews by the Thousands from City of Kiev.

One thousand and two Jewish families have now received official notification that they must leave Kiev, Russia, in accordance with the determination of the Russian government to drive back into the pale all Jews who are unable to establish their legal right to remain outside its confines. An additional 193 families living in the suburbs outside the city proper are subject to deportation before June 14 unless in the meantime they produce proofs of their right of residence in their present homes.

It is quite impossible to secure statistics showing the number of those already expelled. Even the Jewish relief committee is unable to state the exact figure, but the committee estimates that between 200 and 300 Jewish families have quitted the city.

In addition to the deportation ordered, the Jews of Kiev have been subjected to minor annoyances, such as the refusal of passports, good over the year, and interference with their residence at the summer resorts outside of Kiev, where all those who are prosperous enough to during the heat term, the law forbidding Jews to settle in the villages or on farms, in order to prevent the exploiting of simple peasants.

The real hardships for the Jews are expected to come on June 14, when the time limit for their departure expires. All who still remain in Kiev on various pretexts will be expelled on that date. Although the Jewish relief committee is collecting funds for this contingency, it is feared that many will face deportation by force rather than leave the city voluntarily. The committee has collected several thousand dollars, and hopes are entertained that adequate funds may be secured from the considerable colony of Jewish millionaires in Kiev.

KELLNER GIRL'S BODY FOUND.

Prisoner's Husband Is Missing Jailor of Church—Grave in Cellar.

The body of Alma Kellner, who disappeared Dec. 8, was found the other day in the cellar of St. John's parish church. School girl, who was taken from the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred F. Kellner, in Louisville, Ky., Mrs. Lena Wendling, wife of Joseph Wendling, who was jailor of St. John's Roman Catholic Church, and who disappeared Jan. 14, has been arrested, charged with being an accessory to the murder. Mrs. Wendling was housemaid for Father George Schumann, the pastor. Wendling, who is 24 years old, left no word as to his destination, his wife asserted. The child's body when found was incased in carpet, sewed together behind, and the child had evident injuries, and then thrown through a trapdoor. Almost every bone was broken and the child was dead.

It was evident that quicklime had been used and that attempts had been made to burn the body. Alma Kellner was 8 years old, and left her home to attend mass Wednesday morning, Dec. 8. It was thought she had been kidnapped, and rumors of demands for money had been frequent. The car was wrecked around the body, it is alleged, belonged to Wendling, and the police have found some of his clothing crimson-stained.

The identification is thought to be complete. The body was found by Richard D. Sweet, a plumber, who was pumping quicklime in the cellar. The ground had been scooped out to a depth of six inches, making a shallow grave.

SUES HARRY THURSTON PECK.

Columbia University Professor Accused of Breach of Promise.

Suit for \$50,000 for alleged breach of promise of marriage has been brought in the Supreme court of New York by Miss Esther Quinn against Prof. Harry Thurston Peck, A. M., Ph. D., D. D., L. H. D., holder of the chair in Latin of the University of Columbia, president of the Latin Club of America, member of many prominent literary clubs and associations, magazine writer, critic of the fair sex and a noted wit. The suit is related to a divorce obtained at St. Louis, Mo., by Miss Quinn, in 1908. The ground was desertion. August 23 of the following year he married Miss Elizabeth H. DuBois, a teacher of classics in the Morris high school.

DEDICATE KENTUCKY'S CAPITOL.

New \$2,000,000 Structure Is Opened With Much Ceremony.

Kentucky's \$2,000,000 capitol was dedicated the other day with exercises that occupied practically the entire day. Special trains from all directions brought thousands of persons to Frankfort, one train, bringing more than 1,000 girls from the Louisville high school. The exercises, which were opened early in the morning by a signal gun, included an invocation by Bishop Lewis W. Burton of Lexington and addresses, mainly of historic interest, by Gov. Anderson E. Wilson and United States Senator William O. Bradley.

DYNAMITE WISCONSIN BANK.

Bold Robbery Is Committed at Unity by Two Men Who Escape.

The State Bank of Unity, Wis., robbed the other day of \$2,000, the safe of the bank being dynamited. The robbers escaped. It is supposed the robbery was committed by two men who had been hanging around the bank for several days. The bank was established in 1895 with a capital of \$10,000.

Goodwin and Wife at Odds.

Nat Goodwin, the actor, and his wife, who was Edna Goodrich, an actress, have mutually agreed to separate. Mrs. Goodwin announced that she was never going to return to the "constant worries" of married life.

Mob Wrecks Newspaper Shop.

A mob broke into the office of the Black Hills Daily Register of Lead, S. D., and with sledge hammers destroyed three presses and a linotype machine. The attack is attributed to labor troubles. No arrests were made.

COURT STOPS RAISE IN FREIGHT RATES.

Twenty-five Western Roads Are Restrained from Enforcing the New Tariff.

PLEA CITES UNLAWFUL COMBINE.

Action Is Begun by Attorney General Wickersham on Behalf of Federal Government.

Twenty-five Western railroads were temporarily restrained by United States District Judge David P. Dyer in Hannibal, Mo., from enforcing or making a general advance in interstate freight rates. The injunction was granted on a petition filed by the United States government on the allegations that the advance in rates were fixed by the defendants by agreement, without competition and in violation of the Sherman anti-trust act.

The petition was filed in the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis and was brought to Hannibal to present to Judge Dyer. It states that unless such a restraining order be issued the advances will become effective at once, to the grave harm and injury of the people of the United States.

The petition was presented by Edwin P. Grosvenor of Washington, special assistant to the Attorney General, and Frederick N. Judson of St. Louis, acting as special counsel. It was signed by George W. Wickersham, Attorney General, William S. Kenyon, Assistant Attorney General, and Charles A. Houts, United States District Attorney.

The roads restrained from increasing their freight rates are:

- Missouri Pacific Railway.
- Chicago and Northwestern Railway.
- Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway.
- Chicago, Great Island and Pacific Railway.
- Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.
- Illinois Central Railway.
- Chicago and Alton Railway.
- Atchafalpa, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway.
- Chicago Great Western Railway.
- Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway.
- St. Louis and San Francisco Railway.
- San Francisco Railway.
- Quincy, Omaha and Kansas City Railway.
- St. Paul and Des Moines Railway.
- Chicago and St. Louis Railway.
- Chicago and St. Paul Railway.
- Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railway.
- Chicago, Joliet and Eastern Railway.
- Chicago, Rock Island and St. Louis Railway.
- Chicago, Milwaukee and Gary Railway.
- Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sauk Steamer Railway.
- Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railway.
- Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railway.
- Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railway.

Many speeches were delivered; in the main brief and explanatory of the position taken by Senators. When it became apparent that the final vote would be reached, several Senators who have fought vigorously for amendments asserted that while the bill was not all they desired, it was a step in the right direction and would receive their support. Such statements were made by insurgent Republicans and Democrats. These speakers were La Follette, Doolittle, Clay, Payson, Simmons and Gore. Newlands and Bacon spoke at length in opposition.

MRS. DOXEY IS FREED.

Jury Finds Her Not Guilty of Murdering Elder in St. Louis.

Mrs. Dora Elizabeth Doxey was found not guilty by the St. Louis jury which heard the evidence against her on a charge of murdering William J. Elder with arsenic. The verdict was returned eight hours and forty minutes after Judge Grimm ordered the jury to retire for deliberation. Late at night Mrs. Doxey was rearrested. The charges against Dr. Loren B. Doxey, who was accused jointly with her, will come up for trial within two weeks, according to the announcement of Attorney Newson.

Mrs. Doxey was placed on trial May 23, after having been held in the city jail since Dec. 1 when she was brought from Columbus, Neb., where she had been arrested on the warrant charging her with the murder of Elder. She was born near Alcedo, Ill., March 17, 1880. In 1895 she married Robert L. Downing of Joy, Ill. Dr. Loren B. Doxey was the family physician and attended her four children.

She married Doxey in Burlington, Iowa, in August, 1906, after having been divorced from Mrs. Doxey, who was accused jointly with her, will come up for trial within two weeks, according to the announcement of Attorney Newson.

The charges against Dr. Loren B. Doxey, who was accused jointly with her, will come up for trial within two weeks, according to the announcement of Attorney Newson.

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LONG LIVE THE KING.



—Minneapolis Journal.

SENATE PASSES RAILROAD BILL.

Administration's Measure Is Carried, 50 to 12, at Night Session.

The administration's railroad bill was passed by the Senate of the United States the other night at 10 o'clock by a vote of 50 to 12. The negative vote were cast by Democrats as follows: Bacon, Fletcher, Frazier, Hughes, Newlands, Percy, Turner, Rayner, Shivers, Smith of Maryland, and Smith of South Carolina.

After the vote was announced, Mr. Beveridge moved the standstill bill be made the unfinished business. Mr. Nelson, chairman of the Public Lands Committee, contended the public land withdrawal bill, an administration conservation measure, should have precedence. This precipitated a conflict, the Democrats lining up with Mr. Beveridge. Finally, with the Beveridge motion pending, the Senate adjourned.

The railroad bill, that now goes to conference, was reported to the Senate Feb. 25. The debate began March 15, when Mr. Cummins commenced his four days speech against the measure as it then stood. Since then it has been continuously before the Senate for twelve weeks. The original Hepburn law, of which this is an amendment, was passed in the Senate May 18, 1906.

Many speeches were delivered; in the main brief and explanatory of the position taken by Senators. When it became apparent that the final vote would be reached, several Senators who have fought vigorously for amendments asserted that while the bill was not all they desired, it was a step in the right direction and would receive their support. Such statements were made by insurgent Republicans and Democrats. These speakers were La Follette, Doolittle, Clay, Payson, Simmons and Gore. Newlands and Bacon spoke at length in opposition.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Progress of the Portland Race in Base Ball Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 25-12; Cincinnati, 18-18; New York, 25-14; Brooklyn, 18-22; Pittsburgh, 18-17; Philadelphia, 13-22; St. Louis, 20-20; Boston, 14-26.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 26-10; Cleveland, 15-18; New York, 23-11; Washington, 16-23; Detroit, 22-14; Brooklyn, 12-20; Boston, 20-10; St. Louis, 7-29.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Minneapolis, 31-14; Indianapolis, 20-25; St. Paul, 30-15; Kansas City, 18-24; Toledo, 27-18; Milwaukee, 17-27; Columbus, 20-25; Louisville, 17-30.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

St. Joseph, 19-15; Lincoln, 19-18; Sioux City, 20-16; Omaha, 17-21; Denver, 21-17; Des Moines, 17-22; Wichita, 20-18; Topeka, 13-19.

WOMAN'S AGE SECRET COSTS \$10.

Nebraska Teacher Pays Fine for Bulking Census-Taker.

Disclaiming any desire of placing herself in contempt of the census department of the United States or of appearing impertinently to an enumerator, Miss Sarah E. Peck, member of the normal faculty of Union College in Lincoln, Neb., paid a fine of \$10 in the federal district court and thereby purged herself of an indictment brought against her. At the same time she was fined \$10 for the act of revealing her age.

Peck, the daughter of a prominent family, was charged with having refused to furnish information on three occasions and that when he warned her that she was liable to a fine replied that she had the money to pay it.

Baby Found Near Rail Tracks.

A boy baby, hardly 4 hours old, was found alongside of the Big Four Railroad tracks in Cincinnati, within a foot of where the trains pass every few minutes. It had evidently been thrown from a train that was inbound from Cleveland. It was rushed to the city hospital and the physicians there hold out every hope for its ultimate recovery.

Rich Youth Ends Life.

George Morgan, 28 years old, wealthy and well known socially in New York, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head. Relatives and friends of the young man are unable to give any reason for the act.

Seventeen Men in Explosion.

Two men are dead, three are dying and sixteen are badly injured as the result of an explosion in the Midvale Steel Works in Philadelphia.

Force Brother to Take Aid.

During the absence of his mother, 6-year-old Harry Silvius, of Bridgeport, Conn., found an ounce bottle of carbolic acid lying on a table and in play forced the contents down the throat of his 10-month-old baby brother. The latter died within an hour.

Joseph Hubbard, Confesses.

Chief of Police Peter Wring, of Hibbing, Minn., that she shot and killed her husband on their homestead near there.

CHURCH MEMBERSHIP NOW AT 32,936,445

Protestant Denominations Report 20,287,742 and the Roman Catholics 12,679,149.

NUMBERS ARE ON THE INCREASE.

Statistics Are Based on Report of United States Census, Soon to Be Published.

The aggregate number of communicants or members of all religious denominations in the United States in 1906 was 32,936,445, according to the United States census of religious bodies. Of this grand total, the various Protestant bodies reported 20,287,742 and the Roman Catholic church 12,679,149.

Of the Protestant communicants, according to the report, 80.6 per cent were outside the principal cities of the country. Of the Catholics, 27.9 per cent were in the cities of the first class, those having a population of more than 300,000, while 47.8 per cent were outside the cities of the first, second, third or fourth classes, the last class being cities of 25,000 to 50,000. Protestants in the first-class cities aggregated 7.3 per cent.

Of the Protestants, the Protestant Episcopal church reported a majority of its communicants in the principal cities, 51.2 per cent, as did the Church of Christ, 32.6 per cent.

The report shows a growth of all communicants, both in the cities and country, since 1890. In the five leading cities the proportion of communicants to population was: New York, 44.7 per cent; Chicago, 40.7; Philadelphia, 38.8; Boston, 62.6; St. Louis, 46.6.

LORIMER DEFENDS HIMSELF.

Illinois Senator Makes Speech Denying Bribery in Legislature.

William Lorimer the other day asked the United States Senate for an investigation of the charges that his election was secured through the buying of votes in the Illinois General Assembly at prices ranging from \$1,000 upward. By way of preface to this request he delivered his long-awaited speech, and in vehement language declared before his colleagues that the bribery scandal is the outcome of a "political conspiracy" immediately after finishing his speech Senator Lorimer hurriedly put his affairs in order and caught a late afternoon train for Chicago.

The main points in the Senator's address were as follows:

Eulogy of Minority Leader—Lee O'Neil Browne, now under indictment in Chicago.

Attack upon Governor Deneen.

Assault upon Representative Charles A. White, whose confession attacked the senator.

Attack upon the Chicago Tribune.

Five-thousand-year history of Mr. Lorimer's political career since 1884, and an outline of his present career.

Declaration that Governor Deneen first suggested that Lorimer become a candidate for Senator, but withdrew his support on the day of election.

Declaration that Governor Deneen broke faith with him on water was legislated.

Denial that Representative H. J. C. made concessions for controlling the legislature.

Declaration that Governor Deneen joined the Tribune in a conspiracy to throw Lorimer out of control of the next legislature.

Mr. Lorimer's request for an investigation was referred under the Senate rules to the committee on contingent expenses.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

The annual outing of the North Central Minnesota Educational Association will be held at Glenview Springs, on Leech Lake, near Walker.

The oldest educational institution in existence is El Ashar University at Cairo, Egypt. It was founded in 985, and had 8,510 students last year.

Simplification of spelling is a plain matter of business expediency, according to Prof. Homer H. Scribner, president of the Iowa State Teachers' Association.

Twenty-five colleges have been invited by the games committee of the Missouri Valley conference to participate in the annual meet to be held at Des Moines.

For the second time in two years the debaters of St. Thomas College have defeated the representatives of the Forum Literary Society of the University of Minnesota.

Fifty students of the University of Minnesota have been dropped from the rolls of the colleges of engineering and science, literature and arts, for failure to maintain the required standard of scholarship.

Prof. R. R. Cochrane, of the chair of mathematics of the Manitoba University, died recently at the age of 70 years. He was a brother of the late George Cochrane, president of Los Angeles University.

Dr. John C. Patish, of the State historical department of Iowa and son of the late Prof. L. W. Farish of Cedar Falls, has accepted a position as professor of American history and political science in Beloit College.

The annual meeting of the Tri-Country Educational Association was held in Grafton, N. D. Resolutions were adopted imploring the state legislative assembly to appropriate money for the benefit of rural schools, while medical inspection of school children was urged.

An actual registration of 4,647 students for the year at the University of Wisconsin is shown by statistics in the new catalogue now in press. This is an increase of 428, or 10 per cent over last year's enrollment and brings Wisconsin up seventh in the list of American universities in point of numbers.

Dr. Toyokichi Ikenaga, a noted Japanese scholar, last returned from a tour of the globe on which he studied world-politics bearing on Oriental problems, gave several illustrated lectures on the subject last week to students of the University of Wisconsin under the auspices of the political science department.

COMMERCIAL FINANCIAL

The Weekly Review of Chicago Trade, published by R. G. Dun & Co., says:

"Despite the lowest weekly aggregate of payments through the banks, the unsuccessful efforts to settle coal mining troubles and other developments disturbing sentiment, the business position is easier by declining speculation in securities and grain, a better tone in money, improving weather and decreasing cost of food-stuffs. The failure record also makes a good comparative exhibit, and there is now a more adequate reduction of merchandise stocks in the leading retail lines here and at the interior."

"Evidence of sustained production in the leading industries in this district undergo no diminution, and the sustained forwardings of factory outputs and commodities continue swelling gains in gross earnings of the Chicago steam roads. There is also extended passenger travel both east and west bound. Visiting buyers attend the wholesale merchandise markets more numerous, and the buying is wider in fall and winter lines of dry goods, footwear, clothing and household needs, but orders for immediate shipment have not expanded as expected. It is noted, however, that many buyers are conservative and prefer to await clearer views of agricultural prospects and probable tendencies of prices."

"Bank clearings, \$244,347,000, are 2.9 per cent under those of corresponding week last year, and compare with \$210,326,721 in 1908.

"Failures reported in the Chicago district numbered fourteen against twenty-seven last week; twenty-five in 1909 and twenty-two in 1908. Those with liabilities over \$5,000 number six, against five last week, six in 1909 and five in 1908."

NEW YORK.

Trade advices are irregular, varying somewhat with the sections of the country, but with quietness the prevailing feature. In the northern half of the country unseasonably cool weather has been a bar to expansion in retail trade, which at many cities is classed as disappointing. At these centers reorder business is light, and jobbers' operations are consequently restricted. Probably the best reports as to trade come from the Northwest and the Pacific coast.

Business failures for the week ending with June 2 in the United States were 100, against 200 last week, 191 in the like week of 1908, 222 in 1908, 155 in 1907 and 162 in 1906.

Business failures in Canada for the week number eighteen, which compares with

FARM AND GARDEN

Fattening Turkeys Need Exercise.
Fattening turkeys need lots of exercise, and confinement will often cause them to mope and pine instead of putting on flesh. And the wild spirit in them will often cause them to prefer trees to their regular-roosting place, and if not watched they may wander away.

Poison Ivy.
Poisonous plants are almost as much of a nuisance as the insect pests, and ought to be attacked through a kind of legislation. Poison ivy increases very fast along old stone walls and fences, and becomes a nuisance anywhere near gardens or orchards. For the inflammation that follows poison ivy this plant is a professor in the Harvard Medical School recommends applying alcohol, soap and water, which will offset the poisonous oil that causes the trouble. The plant itself is best checked by repeated cutting back. The young growth is easily killed with a spray of kerosene and water.

Protection from Lightning.
In a lecture before the Engineering Society at Birmingham, Sir Oliver Lodge discussed the question of protection from lightning. He stated that the problem consisted in finding the best method of dissipating the enormous energy of the flash, but that it was not wise to get rid of the energy too quickly. A thin iron wire is considered the best lightning conductor from an electrical point of view, but it is almost impossible to protect a building from lightning unless it is completely enveloped in a metal cage. It is by no means true that a building is safe when provided with a conductor reaching up to the tallest part of the building.

The Poultry House Floor.
Regardless of the manner in which the young chicks are hatched, keep the young chicks dry till they are several weeks old. A chick has bare feet, which soon get cold on wet ground or floors. Wet feet will soon result in bowel trouble, and bowel trouble means loss.

In speaking of dry feet, it may also be said that hens will always do better and lay more eggs if their feet are always dry. For this reason the floor of the hen house should be raised above the level of the surrounding ground and be provided with a good earth floor, a board floor, or one of concrete. Also, on all cold and stormy days in spring the hens should be confined in the house with plenty of dry straw to stand on and scratch in.

Straw Saved in Silo.
By placing corn in the silo the stalks as well as the grain is preserved for feeding purposes, and the whole corn plant becomes available. About 40 percent of the feeding value of the corn plant is in the stalk, leaves and husks and the other 60 percent in the ear. In handling corn as commonly practiced much of the 40 percent is lost. When corn is cut for silo before the leaves are dry there is no waste. About twice the amount of dry matter can be stored in the form of silage as when the corn is cut at the top of the silo. The silage is also better than the corn itself, as it contains about 4.5 pounds of dry matter, while a cubic foot of silage contains about 8.5 pounds of dry matter, a cubic foot of space in a silo being worth more than twice an equal space in a mow.

Leaving the Farm.
The prosperous farmers in the eastern states not only have been derelict in letting their children drift without their own in getting away from the farm life, they have done worse; they have followed the children into the towns. Their farms have been turned over to tenants who, as a rule, have not sought to keep up the productivity of the soil. Shiftless cultivation has been followed by sterility. Of late years the better prices of farm products, the improvement of roads, the stringing of telephone wires, the free delivery of mails and the introduction of automobiles and building of trolley lines have served as great corrective tendencies. The farmer and the farmer's wife and children have practically been made suburbanites. They are no longer set apart and isolated and felicitous have brought them within man's length. There are fewer tenants. There are more farmers' boys in the agricultural colleges. There will be better harvests in the years to follow—Philadelphia Record.

The Farmer and the Incubator.
One point, and an important one, in favor of the incubator is the fact that the incubator can be put to work turning out chicks and consequently the farmer can have all the March or April chicks he desires, says Poultry Tribune. The cockerel from these hatches will be ready for the market at a time when they will bring the best prices, which is not possible in any considerable number at least, in the case of hen-hatched chicks, for the simple reason that it is impossible to get a sufficient number of broody hens so early in the season.

The puffers from these early hatches will begin laying early in the fall, while the hens are in moult and when eggs are high in price, and if given proper care, will keep it up all winter. Early subjects properly cared for make the best of winter layers and with eggs at 40 to 50 cents per dozen are certainly a very good proposition.

The incubator is not so difficult as many farmers seem to think. We know dozens who have had the best of success the past spring and now have a fine lot of pullets to show for their work, the cockerels having gone to market long ago as broilers and roasters at good long prices.

There can be no mistake in the assertion that the incubator will be needed on the farm next spring more than ever before, since the market price of eggs will without doubt be higher than ever was known, and it will be simply good business policy to keep the hens turning out 20 to 30 cent eggs instead of hatching and brooding chicks.

Condition for Hens.
The reason that so many people are not enthusiastic over the poultry business is that they do not get eggs in winter when prices are high. Hens, as a rule, refuse to lay out of season, and when the weather is cold and snowy. But a suburbanite in St. Louis county, Mo., has at last found the secret. In winter and cold weather he feeds his hens cayenne pepper and horse-radish, which he says makes the hens lay furiously.

This man, Mr. Henry Ahlers, takes his eggs to the town of Clayton, when he goes to work every morning, and he brings them in during the cold weather, and he has been asked to give a little cayenne pepper and horse-radish once in a while. I have a large horse-radish patch close to my poultry yard and have found that even the dried horse-radish leaves are good for the chickens.

Mr. Ahlers states that he has seventy hens, and that he gathers as many as twenty-five dozens of eggs each week. He does not state what general feed and care he gives his flock of hens for producing such a yield of eggs in cold weather. Journal of Agriculture.

Adulteration Causes Loss.
Farmers' Bulletin 382, United States Department of Agriculture, on the adulteration of forage plant seeds, contains the following conclusions:
Serious and intentional adulteration of important forage plant seeds is frequently practiced. Seed is sometimes mislabeled.
It is possible for purchasers to detect most kinds of adulterations of seed of forage plants.

In detecting adulteration it is necessary to know what kinds of seeds are subject to adulteration, the means employed in adulteration and the distinguishing character of both the crop and the adulterant seeds.

A cheap magnifying glass in distinguishing crop seeds from other kinds of seeds used in adulterants.
A simple germinating test discloses the use of dead seed.
A little effort on the part of the purchaser of seeds directed to the detection of adulteration or misbranding will prevent many instances of crop failure.

It is advisable to make tests for adulteration at home; otherwise the suspected seed may be sent to the seed laboratory at Washington or to the cooperative laboratories in Missouri, Nebraska or Oregon. A report on the matter of adulteration will be made promptly and without charge.

Fishy Butter.
What causes the fishy flavor in butter? That is something no one has been able to find out until the government dairy foods undertook the task. But even the government cannot find out all the causes, for there are more than one. However, the main cause seems to be some particular substance produced by the oxidation of one of the combinations of the acid development in the ripening of the cream. In other words, it is caused by a slow chemical change to which acid is essential and which is favored by the presence of small amounts of oxygen.

It has been a generally accepted theory among butter-makers that sour cream made the best butter. This idea is reversed by the investigations which bring forth the conclusion that butter made from sweet cream does not contain the elements that go to make fishy flavor.

In all the experimental butter made in the last three years there has been no trace of fishy flavor in that made from pasteurized sweet cream, churned without the addition of a starter. In butter made from pasteurized cream with starter added, but without any subsequent ripening, there has been no fishy flavor, with one or two doubtful exceptions. On the other hand, many lots of experimental butter made from well ripened cream developed marked fishiness.

It is evident therefore that there is a direct relation between the acidity of cream and the development of fishy flavor in the butter. However, as the work progressed it became apparent that the acidity, although having a determining influence on fishy flavor, was not the sole cause.

With this factor controlled, it was impossible to make butter with any certainty that it would become fishy. Frequently butter made from cream with a high acidity showed no trace of this flavor.

It was found that overworking the butter increased the tendency to fishiness, and this flavor could be produced with reasonable certainty by overworking high-acid butter. All butter contains considerable quantities of air, and this is increased by the working, thus producing conditions more favorable to oxidation.

Fishy flavor may be prevented with certainty, says Mrs. Rogers, the government expert, by making butter from pasteurized cream, without ripening. The addition of a starter to pasteurized sweet cream without subsequent ripening improves the flavor of the fresh butter without adding enough acid to cause fishiness. Pasteurization of sour cream will not prevent the development of fishy flavor.

Do not bang the bits against the horse's teeth. Be patient and he will open his mouth.

When two horses become accustomed to working together, don't change them.

Michigan State News

FRUIT CROP IS SAFE

Michigan—Promises Nearly Average Yield in State as a Whole.

Reports of the complete destruction of the Michigan fruit crop by the freeze-up of April, which were so positive immediately after the cold storm passed, are being discredited by more extensive examinations of trees, vines, and plants carried on by growers in all parts of the state. It even has been suggested that the storm was a blessing in disguise in that it gave rise to the impression that unusually high prices would prevail and led growers to exercise special care in nursing their trees and plants through the ripening process of the fruits. This version of the situation was strengthened by the May crop report of the state of Michigan, which said: "The spraying of trees has greatly increased this season," and received further confirmation from the correspondents quoted in the report, one of whom stated: "Prospects for a full fruit crop in Barry county are good; elsewhere more general than former years and more interest is taken in fruit growing. There are more vines planted this spring than usual. Not all of the fruit trees passed through the storm without suffering injury, but reports from various counties indicated that the damage was so distributed that nearly an average crop of all fruits will be harvested, even though a total loss of certain fruits appears likely here and there. The condition of leading fruits in the state, shown in percentages, was as follows:

	State	South.	Cent.	North.	East.
Apples	85	82	87	88	85
Pears	85	82	87	88	85
Peaches	78	74	87	88	85
Plums	78	74	87	88	85
Small fruit	85	82	87	88	85

DOES TRAPPING PAY? WELL!

Two Barry Young Men Caught \$450 Worth of Fur in Four Weeks.

While trapping in Johnston township, two young men, George Kelley, 19, and Frank Kelley, 17, of Barry county, Michigan, have made a record of fur in four weeks, making the largest catch of fur ever taken in Barry county during the same length of time. The catch consisted of 525 muskrats, four skunks and one raccoon. The trapping grounds covered an area of seven miles, and included six lakes, four small streams and a large acreage of swamps. Each man attended 180 traps. They started at 6 o'clock in the morning to cover the trap line, and returned at dark. The animals were skinned while the men were walking along the trap line, and the pelts were placed on stretchers in camp at night. Their catch during the entire trapping season consisted of 1,225 muskrats, five raccoons, and 22 skunks. For the lot they received \$450.25.

LAD SETS FIRE TO SISTER.

Drops Blazing Paper and Pot's Dress Ignites—Child Dies.

Playing with fire during the absence of his parents, Edward O'Neill, the 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George O'Neill, of Clayton, accidentally set fire to the clothing of his baby sister, Margaret, and before he could summon help, the younger child was burned so badly that her death followed in about two hours. The lad did not know where his mother was, but seeing what he had done, he ran to his father at the Lake Shore station, where he is employed as agent and summoned him. When the father arrived he found the baby so badly burned that medical assistance was of no avail.

BIG LOSS BY BUSH FIRES.

Great Quantities of Logs, Timber and Cordwood Are Destroyed.

The Lake Superior Iron & Chemical Company, of Detroit, is a heavy loser as a result of the forest fires which have been burning in various portions of the upper peninsula. Near Mackinac Island a cordwood valued at \$40,000 to \$50,000, and even greater loss was sustained in the Gogebic iron district. The camps of the company in the vicinity of Mellen were destroyed, as were approximately 50,000 cords of hardwood in that locality and in the neighborhood of Marquette.

IS DRAGGED TO DEATH.

Boy's Foot Caught in Stirrup on Runaway Horse.

Literally dragged to his death through the streets of Waterford, Le Roy Yore, son of George Yore, a well-known farmer of that community, fell victim to one of the most distressing accidents that has occurred in the village in some time. The pony which he was riding became frightened at a passing freight train, unsaddled its rider and began running. The lad's foot caught in the stirrup and he was dragged along the highway. His head struck a sidewalk and when picked up he was bleeding and unconscious. Death followed shortly.

Obituary Notice of a Wife's Love.

After 16 years of married life, the family of Joseph Van Fossen, of Jerome, is broken up, and Van Fossen has brought suit against Edwin Shurlough, charging him with alienating his wife's affections. The Van Fossens are about 40 years of age and have been married since 1894.

STATE LANDS SOLD WITH.

Being One to Three Times Amount of Their Appraisal.

The state land department has closed one of the most successful sales of state tax homestead lands ever held in the history of the state. The sale, which consisted of lands in the counties of Alger and Dickinson, netted a total of more than \$10,000, and many orders have been received by the department for purchases that will bring the total amount close to \$15,000.

DEATH TO ARTHUR C. BIRD.

Third Relapse Ends Fatally for State Food Commissioner.

After being in a serious condition for over a week from heart trouble following pneumonia, Arthur C. Bird died in Lansing. Though he was but 46 years old, Mr. Bird's life has been a busy one, in both politics and business. His political career began when Gov. Pingree appointed him, in 1897, a member of the board of control of the Agricultural College. In 1899 he became secretary of the board and the college, but he lost the place immediately after A. T. Bliss became Governor, in 1900. Before Bliss' second term expired, however, Bird was a State officeholder again, being appointed by Fred M. Warner, then Secretary of State, to supervise the State census of that year. In 1905 he was appointed State dairy and food commissioner, which office he held, by successive reappointments, until his death.

GETS IN PRETTY DEEP.

Minor Steals Savings and Hides Money, 2,000 Feet in Earth.

Presumably having little faith in banks, Joseph Mora of the Norrie mine location, at Wakefield, placed his money for safekeeping in a picture frame at his house. The treasure was discovered by Albert Lesnauk, a boarder, and according to his confession to the police he dug away the cash and hid it 2,000 feet beneath the surface of the earth. This place was in "C" shaft of the East Norrie mine. Lesnauk was arrested and accompanied by a policeman he descended to the seventeenth level and there produced the money from behind a timber set. Mora was so happy to recover his savings that he refused to prosecute and the case has been dismissed.

SEE STEEL PLANT FOR DETROIT.

Visit of Chicagoans to Steel Plant of Michigan City.

The visit to Detroit recently of A. W. Thompson and J. W. Alford of Chicago was analyzed by Detroit manufacturers and financiers as connected with the negotiations for a steel plant in Detroit. The men interested in the place decided to give any information as to how near their plans are to completion. They will not even admit they are trying to organize a steel company. But the process of putting this and that together has convinced Detroit's Wall Street that an announcement of an organization may be made very soon.

POUNDS COWS WITH AX.

Farm Hand Arrested on Charge of Brutal Treatment of Animals.

William Brown, a Cooper township farm hand, was brought to jail in Kalamazoo when a charge of brutally treating a number of cows belonging to Edward Simions, who employed him, was made. It is alleged that because one of the cows did not stand still Brown seized a pitchfork and ran the tines into her body several inches. He then tied the cow severely, secured an ax and pounded her over the head, nearly killing her. Following this attack, he drove the other cows into the barn and cut and slashed them with the ax.

Bout Tactics; Fishermen Drawn.

Lewis Kattler and Carl Hahn, who were wealthy farmers living near Ann Arbor, drowned while fishing in Pleasant Lake, fifteen miles from Ann Arbor. Their boat overturned when they were lifting the anchor.

WITHIN OUR BORDERS.

Old Dutch, 13 months old, fell into a pit of scalding water in Menominee. His hands and arms were terribly scalded and his condition is critical. The International Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers in biennial session in Detroit, re-elected for a term of four years General Secretary W. B. Prenter of Cleveland.

C. L. King & Co.'s large sawmill, located on Mackinac Island, was consumed by fire, causing a loss of about \$20,000, covered by insurance. Forty men are thrown out of employment.

Leonard Hartwell, the 13-year-old adopted son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Siscone, who lives three miles north of Sandusky, is dead, as the result of being kicked over the heart by a horse.

Herman Weidman, of Centennial, aged 50, hanged himself because his wife had filed a suit for separation. He was the father of Lydia Weidman, a noted Calumet fat girl, who weighed over 500 pounds.

Lake Superior and the surrounding country were recently in the grip of a blizzard with high northerly winds and a heavy snow. All boats sought ports of refuge from the gale. A heavy sea was running. Wire and train service were demoralized.

The threatened tie-up of the Detroit United Railway Company's city lines was averted, when the motorman and conductors, who have been seeking a flat scale of 30 cents an hour, voted to accept a compromise. Under the scale adopted six-month men will be paid 23 cents, twelve-month men 26 cents, employees in service for more than one year 28 cents.

When the medical department of the University of Michigan was short of cadavers some time ago it obtained the enactment of a law requiring all State institutions to turn over all unclaimed bodies to the University. As a result the university now is swamped with dead men and has tried to stop shipment of more. The attorney general, appealed to, rules that the law is mandatory, and the university must take all comers and make the best of the queer joke.

Eight-year-old Tillie Winegar became so absorbed in a game of tag in Grand Rapids that she backed against the railing of a porch and fell over it to the ground. Her neck was broken, and she died in half an hour, without regaining consciousness.

When the family of Frank Salokoski, 40 years of age and living at 334 Beech street, Lansing, arose the other morning they found him lying dead beside the kitchen stove. The coroner and city physician deemed an inquest unnecessary, as it was evident that he had died from heart failure.

AROUND THE POULTRY YARD

Grit Necessary.

A constant supply of grit is, of course, very necessary right from the first. Without it the chicks cannot properly grind and digest their food. Coarse sand will answer very well for the first five days or a week, but after that some coarser material must be provided. Keep a little charcoal also before the chicks where they can pick at it whenever desired. This may save you a lot of trouble, for charcoal is one of the best bowel correctors there is for chickens of all kinds. Agricultural Epitomist.

Mysterious Diseases.

Quite frequently a disease will appear among chickens because they have had access to some carrion, a dead rabbit or putrid chicken. The mother hen probably leads them to this source of disease quite a way from the house, and is, therefore, unknown to the poultry keeper. In looking for the cause, see first of all that they are not infested with lice, either communicated by the setting hen or from the buildings wherein they are domiciled. Kansas Farmer.

For Lice on Turkey.

Twice a week the mother and poults dust both with Persian insect powder. For dusting the poults, place a quantity of the powder in a large vessel, then hold the poults by the feet over the vessel and dust it all over and through the feathers till it is yellow with the dust. Rubbing the powder in so that it touches all the skin of the bird is the secret of its effectiveness.

A Pointer.

If we are after eggs, it pays us to go after eggs in a business-like manner. What we fancy in the way of color and general prettiness must not be considered. The department store is not necessarily erected on a pretty location. It goes after trade in a business-like way, and the poultryman must do the same if he seeks the greater success with his enterprise.

Points for the Beginner.

In starting into the poultry business the average man or woman is apt to get too enthusiastic and attempt to do too much. The better way is to start on a small scale and enlarge as your experience and capability will justify. The notion that most anybody can make a success of raising poultry on a large scale has been disproved times without number.

When the Stiffing Hen Dies.

A hen may leave a nest of eggs for more than a day, and the eggs still hatch if they have not been subjected to freezing temperature. In very warm weather a hen may be away from her eggs for two days and the eggs still hatch. If you find a hen has left her nest and the eggs cold, give the eggs to another hen.

Grading Up.

A farmer that has only the common flock of poultry should endeavor to grade up the stock by purchasing a pure-bred male of some of the poultry breeds and cross on his stock. The first season's progeny will pay the price of the pure-bred male. Kansas Farmer.

System in Feeding.

Don't think that because the chickens will run to their owners every time they come around means that the chickens need feed—it is a bad habit, encouraged by the kindness of the owner, by throwing them a handful of something every time he sees them.

Egg Production Value.

The value of the egg production in the United States for a single year is given by the Government Statistical Bureau at \$145,000,000. Wool produced during the same time is valued at \$45,750,000.

Hay Feed.

Try feeding your chicks this year by the dry method. The chicks fed so at the poultry supply houses are generally all right and as cheap as you can buy the different ingredients separately.

Flavor of Eggs.

You should avoid feeding anything that would impair the flavor of the eggs. Onions, decayed vegetables and musty grain will taint if fed to the laying hen.

Poultry Pointers.

Be regular in feeding the poultry. This is a good rule with regard to live stock of all kinds.

Don't crowd. It isn't profitable. Nor comfortable for the fowls. More birds less profit—that is the way it often goes.

Milk contains all that beef scraps or green cut bone does, but in a more diluted form, and it is highly digestible, and no digestive troubles arise from either old or young chickens consuming large quantities of it.

Pure, clean water is an absolute essential that too often is neglected. Eggs contain such a very large percent of water that we ought to realize how important it is for hens to produce them without this most necessary element. Change the drinking water frequently and keep all vessels used for the purpose perfectly clean at all times.

The Maine Experiment Station has discovered a hen that laid 250 eggs in one year. In fact, she laid 251 eggs in a year counting from Thanksgiving Day to Thanksgiving Day. This hen came from a selected family of 500 egg layers as the original foundation. In the same family there were a number of hens that laid over 240 eggs in a year.

The American Standard classifies the weights of geese as follows: Toulouse and Embden, adult gander, 25 pounds; young gander, 20; adult goose, 23; young goose, 18; African adult gander, 20; young gander, 16; adult goose, 18; young goose, 14; China and Canada, adult gander, 19; young gander, 12; adult goose, 14; young goose, 10.

BAD WEATHER HURTS CORN.

Unseasonable Conditions Worry the Farmers—Crop Backward.

Unseasonable weather conditions throughout the corn belt are causing great concern on the part of farmers in regard to the corn crop. Temperatures close to the freezing point have been the rule for a week or more in Nebraska, and, while no serious damage has been done, the crop is backward and cold weather has undoubtedly checked the growth. One effect of the wet and cold conditions following the mild weather early in the season was to make replanting necessary over a large area of the corn belt. In some sections corn has been planted at least three times, and in other districts good seed corn is selling at almost unheard of prices. In some places the supply of seed corn that has been tested is nearly exhausted.

In the central part of Illinois it is reported that seed corn is selling at \$8 to \$9 a bushel, which is on a famine basis. Even at this price reports stated that the supply was nearly gone, and that farmers were in a quandary. The poor germination in some sections of the belt is ascribed to the poor quality of much of the corn and to the early frosts last fall, before the corn was fully ripened.

Throughout the winter there were reports that the corn was testing poorly. It is still early enough for corn to be replanted and, with favorable conditions, to make a big crop, but the poor start has made a big difference in the views of farmers as to the yield.

In regard to the weather conditions, oats have been favored by the cold, wet spring, and conditions are uniformly fine, reports from most sections being to the effect that the outlook was for a bumper crop. Should the weather turn excessively hot, which would be favorable for the growth of the corn crop along normal lines, it would be likely to injure the oats just about the time they were beginning to fill.

That students of cereal conditions say that usually it is hard to obtain big yields of both corn and oats the same year, as conditions that are favorable for one are sometimes detrimental to the other.

Lessons of Bird Flight.

Through a discovery made by Prof. Ernest Haeckel, a German naturalist, that migratory birds never cross seas, and because except in storm currents the science of air navigation by birds is destined to make its greatest step forward, according to an article in the June Century. His recent experiments with the German redstart, showing that the bird determines from the wind as felt in the nostrils when to start. A French scientist proved that the birds depend on the sense of feeling in the nostrils by testing the flight of three homing pigeons, the eyes of one and the nostrils of another being sealed, the third being left free. The free one arrived home on time, a distance of 300 miles, as did also the one with the eyes sealed. But the one with the nostrils closed was two days late, and then came in with the nostrils from the experiments are expected to enable aeronauts to invent instruments with which to read the clapping air currents, so as to make long flights and overcoming attacks in time of war.

LABOR

The British trade union congress this year will open at Sheffield on September 12.

Bakers' International Union has decided to start the six-day working week in New Orleans, La.

It is reported that the union label section of the A. F. of L. not yet a year old, has a membership of 500,000.

The young women and girls employed in the tobacco factories of Toronto, Canada, have decided to organize a union.

In Sioux Falls, S. D., there are twenty-seven unions, and Aberdeen, Lead, Huron and Deadwood are all well organized.

The average wages in hour of the working classes in Belgium are little more than half those of the same classes in England.

The steam engineers have established and organized some fifteen new unions throughout the south in the United States and Canada.

In order to hold their fitting bi-annual convention, three glass factory men at Piquette, Mich., propose to erect a hotel just for such ends.

The Labor party of Australia carried the last general elections. That party will have a majority in each house of the commonwealth parliament.

At a recent conference of the 48,000 members of the Australian workers (shearers) union, it was decided to begin the issue of a daily paper.

The new P. O. Worth (Texas) labor union will be the head of all the local labor unions, having an aggregate membership of six thousand.

The troubles, which recently led to the lock-out of many thousands in the Building Trades Council in Germany have been settled for three years. The Berlin industrial court's arbitration award has been accepted by the unions.

A labor party has recently been organized in Toronto, Canada, and it intends to take an active part in the next municipal campaign, with the expectation of getting a number of candidates from the ranks of labor in municipal offices.

International President George L. Berry, of the Pressmen and Assistants' Union, has notified subordinate unions that a meeting of one day's pay will be held between the 25th and 28th of next May, to be devoted toward the raising of a home for tuberculosis patients and aged members.

Fred Bancroft, vice president of the Dominion trades and labor congress for Ontario, has been appointed a member of the Toronto commission on technical education. Mr. Bancroft represented the workmen of Canada at the last convention of the American Federation of Labor.

An effort will be made by the friends of organized labor at the forthcoming constitutional convention of Arizona to have a clause against the indiscriminate use of the writ of injunction inserted in the organic law. Another clause which will be strongly advocated by organized labor will be an eight-hour day for employees on State work.

THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



1621—Christening of first child born of French parents in Quebec.

1672—War declared in Boston against the Dutch; the first declaration of war in the colonies. Union between the colonies of Massachusetts, Plymouth and Connecticut.

1680—Elizabeth Morse imprisoned in Boston for witchcraft.

1778—The British under Sir Henry Clinton fled a council of war and decided to evacuate Philadelphia.

1787—First cotton mill in the United States started in Beverly, Mass.

1792—A Democratic society was formed in Philadelphia.

1800—Connecticut yielded all claim to Western territory. First municipal code established in Boston.

1819—Cornerstone laid for the Pennsylvania State capitol at Harrisburg.

1835—Railroad line between Boston and Lowell opened for traffic.

1838—Sir John A. Macdonald arrived in Canada to assume his office as governor-general.

1845—Fire in Quebec destroyed more than 4,000 houses. Sir John Franklin sailed on his last expedition to the Arctic.

1846—A convention met at Albany to revise the constitution of New York.

1848—Major Gen. Winfield Scott received by the municipal authorities of New York.

1859—First son of the Georgian Bay canal was turned near Toronto.

1861—Savannah blockaded by Federal squadron. Union troops destroyed the railroad between Alexandria and Leesburg, Va.

